Detector and DAQ Electronics – Possible Solutions for TASCA

SHIP detector setup

• α -, γ -, (e⁻) detectors

transmission detectors for veto and/or ToF

• SHIP DAQ system - a possible solution for TASCA

present "old" electronics

new DSP-based ADC-CPU interface

the RITU focal plane – an example for another solution

• GREAT

• triggerless DAQ

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GER

• $(80x35)mm^2$ active area • $16 \text{ strips} - (5x35)mm^2$ active area • $300 \mu \text{m}$ thickness • resistive layer • position resolution = $200 \mu \text{m} \Rightarrow \text{total}$ spatial resolution $\approx 1 \text{ mm}^2$ • energy reslution $\Delta E = 18-20 \text{ keV} @ E_{\alpha} > 6 \text{ MeV}$ • 32 signals

0

0

0 0

0 0

0

0 0 0



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0 0

•3 units

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total efficiency > 99%

•2 C-foils

- (55/74x100) mm²
- •entrance foil coated with MgO for more
- effecient e-emission
- second foil for homogenious acceleration

field

magnetic deflection onto a pair of micro

channelplates

• time resolution ≈ 500 ps



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• 4 crystals (70x90)mm² • efficiency per crystal $\varepsilon_{\gamma} = 23\%$ at 1.3 MeV • <2 cm behind STOP detector • AI-window 0.5 mm thickness • total efficiency from α - γ coincidences $\varepsilon_{exp} = 15\%$ at $E_{\gamma} = 150$ keV





DAQ SHIP – Present Status

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New DAQ SHIP

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0

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AMUX designed by Jan Hofmann, GSI



•read and control 4 for 13 bit (8k) ADC's

scaler function

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- pattern unit function
- TDC function/real time clock
- macropuls/target wheel counter
- onboard histogramming possible

max 10 MHz 16 bits/channels 100 ns resolution

16Mb SDRAM (DSP)



AMUX-ADC connection

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•4 ADC's per AMUX via special adaptor and 50 pin flat cable



AMUX – GTB Interface

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GTBM

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GTBS

•daisy chain connection to SAM3 (up to 2x15 units) via GTB bus
•event building and data transfer to DAQ-CPU by the readout processor SAM3
•random trigger (first unit with data triggers readout)
•max rate 50 kHz (tested in the lab)

high resolution real time clock

RITU "Focal Plane Work Area"

GEST



GREAT Detectors

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Si-detector, surrounded by the Si-PIN detectors





Si-PIN detector array

clover Ge-detector

planar GE-detector

http://nnsa.dl.ac.uk/GREAT/

GREAT – Triggerless Total Data Readout

GIST



I. Lazarus, Feb. 1999, http://npg.dl.ac.uk/documents/edoc501/edoc501.html

Nuclear Structure of the Heaviest Nuclei: ER-α-α Coincidences: ²⁵⁷Db F.P. Heßberger et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 12, 57-6ζ (2001)

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Nuclear Structure of the Heaviest Nuclei: ER-α-α Coincidences: ²⁵⁷Db F.P. Heßberger et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 12, 57-67 (2001)

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Nuclear Structure of the Heaviest Nuclei: ER-α-α Coincidences: ²⁵⁷Db F.P. Heßberger et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 12, 57-67 (2001)

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Fig. 4. a) Level schemes predicted for ²⁴⁹Md, ²⁵³Lr, ²⁵⁷Db according to [3]; b) symbolic decay scheme for ²⁵⁷Db using level sequences as predicted in ref. [3]; c) tentative decay scheme suggested for ^{257,257m}Db on the basis of the observed α -decay energies. The numbers denote the Q values.

Nuclear Structure of the Heaviest Nuclei: ER-α-γ Coincidences: ²⁵⁵Rf/²⁵³No

GEN

F.P. Heßberger, Symposium on Nuclear Clusters, Rauischholzhausen Germany, August 2002



Nuclear Structure of the Heaviest Nuclei: ER-α-γ Coincidences: ²⁵⁵Rf/²⁵³No

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The SHIP Group

<u>GSI:</u>

G 25 H

S. Hofmann F.P. Heßberger R. Mann G. Münzenberg (Univ. Mainz) D. A. (Univ. Mainz) P. Kuusiniemi (Postdoc)

S. Antalic (Ph.D. student) B. Streicher (Ph.D. student) B. Sulignano (Ph.D. student)

B. Lommel (targetlab) B. Kindler (targetlab)

H.-G. Burkhard (mechanics) H.-J. Schött (elektronics)

The collaboration

JINR-FLNR Dubna, Rußland:

A.G. Popeko A.V. Yeremin

Universität Bratislava, Slovakei

Š. Šaro

Universität Jyväskylä:

M. Leino J. Uusitalo