# **Perspectives of the superheavy element chemistry at RIKEN GARIS**



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#### Model experiments of the GARIS/gas-jet system

	<sup>206</sup> Fr	<sup>245</sup> Fm	<sup>255</sup> No
Reaction	<sup>169</sup> Tm( <sup>40</sup> Ar,3 <i>n</i> )	<sup>208</sup> Pb( <sup>40</sup> Ar,3 <i>n</i> )	<sup>238</sup> U( <sup>22</sup> Ne,5 <i>n</i> )
Cross section	376 μb <sup>1)</sup>	15 nb <sup>2)</sup>	90 nb <sup>3)</sup>
Beam energy (MeV)	170	199	114
Recoil energy (MeV)	32	32	9.6
Beam intensity (pµA)	2	2	4
Target (µg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	120 (Tm)	420 (Pb)	310 (U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> )
Target backing (µg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	30 (C)	30 (C)	1270 (Ti)
Magnetic rigidity (Tm)	1.64	2.01	1.93
He pressure (Pa)	88	88	38
Mylar window (µm)	3.5	3.5	1.0
Support grid (%)	89	89	72
Gas-jet eff. (%)	88 ± 4	83 ± 9	84 ± 9
GARIS eff. (%)	-	43 ± 4	5 ± 1

1) D. Vermeulen et al.: Z. Phys. A **318**, 157 (1984).

2) J. M. Nitschke et al.: Nucl. Phys. A313, 236 (1980).

3) This work

## **2. Future plans**

## 2.1. Production of SHE nuclides for chemical experiments (a) <sup>238</sup>U target

Z = 104 <sup>238</sup>U + <sup>26</sup>Mg  $\rightarrow$  <sup>259</sup>Rf + 5*n*: Oct. 8–10, 2007

- Acceleration of the <sup>26</sup>Mg beam at RILAC (~2 p  $\mu$  A)
- Production and gas-jet transport of <sup>259</sup>Rf ( $T_{1/2} = 3.0 \text{ s}$ ) Optimization of the setting parameters of GARIS and the gas-jet system <sup>238</sup>U + <sup>26</sup>Mg  $\rightarrow$  <sup>261</sup>Rf ( $T_{1/2} = 78 \text{ s}$ ) + 3*n* ?

Background in  $\alpha$  -spectrometry at the new chemistry laboratory



#### **Chemistry laboratory for the SHE chemistry**

Background level: ~1/100 of that in the target room



#### (b) <sup>248</sup>Cm target and GARIS II

Great advantage for future SHE chemistry !!

Year	2007		2008			2009						
<sup>248</sup> Cm material (~7 mg )												
Target system R&D		ent.										
Chem. Exp. @ GARIS		rese										
GARIS II R&D		đ										
Chem. Exp. @ GARIS II												

GARIS/gas-jet setting parameters, decay properties, and excitation functions

<i>Z</i> = 104	$^{248}\text{Cm} + {}^{18}\text{O} \rightarrow {}^{261}\text{Rf} + 5n$
<i>Z</i> = 105	$^{248}Cm + {}^{19}F \rightarrow {}^{262,263}Db + 5;4n$
<i>Z</i> = 106	$^{248}\text{Cm} + {}^{22}\text{Ne} \rightarrow {}^{265,266}\text{Sg} + 5;4n$
<i>Z</i> = 107	$^{248}Cm + {}^{23}Na \rightarrow {}^{266,267}Bh + 5;4n$ ?
<i>Z</i> = 108	$^{248}\text{Cm} + {}^{26}\text{Mg} \rightarrow {}^{269,270}\text{Hs} + 5;4n$
<i>Z</i> = 109	$^{248}Cm + ^{27}AI \rightarrow ^{270,271}Mt + 5;4n$ ?

#### Yields of SHE nuclides for chemistry experiments (rough estimation)

7	Populion	σ	GA	RIS I	GARIS II		
Ζ	Reaction	(pb)	Eff. (%)	Yield (1/d)	Eff. (%)	Yield (1/d)	
104	<sup>248</sup> Cm( <sup>18</sup> O,5 <i>n</i> ) <sup>261</sup> Rf	13000	3.4	700	11.1	2300	
105	<sup>248</sup> Cm( <sup>19</sup> F,5 <i>n</i> ) <sup>262</sup> Db	1500	4.2	98	13.4	320	
106	<sup>248</sup> Cm( <sup>22</sup> Ne,5 <i>n</i> ) <sup>265</sup> Sg	240	6.9	26	21.6	82	
107	<sup>248</sup> Cm( <sup>23</sup> Na,5 <i>n</i> ) <sup>266</sup> Bh	37*	8.2	4.8	25.1	15	
108	<sup>248</sup> Cm( <sup>26</sup> Mg,5 <i>n</i> ) <sup>269</sup> Hs	6	12.5	1.2	36.4	3.4	
109	<sup>248</sup> Cm( <sup>27</sup> Al,5 <i>n</i> ) <sup>270</sup> Mt	0.71*	14.4	0.16	40.8	0.46	
Assumptions							

- Target thickness: 300  $\mu$  g/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Beam intensity: 5 p  $\mu$  A
- Gas-jet transport efficiency: 80%
- \* from the  $\sigma$  vs. *Z* systematics
- Transport efficiency of GARIS Focal plane size: Φ60mm He pressure: 0.28 torr Length of GARIS II: 3.9 m



## **2.2. Chemistry apparatus**

### (a) Micro-chemical chip for ion exchange and solvent extraction

Micro flow path on glass or plastic surface

Laminar flow of aq. solution and org. solvent Large relative interaction area Short diffusion length Rapid ion exchange and solvent extraction Determination of distribution coefficient



#### **Experimental setup**



#### (b) Gas chromatograph column coupled to GARIS



## **3. Summary**

#### **Present status of SHE chemistry at RIKEN GARIS**

- Development of a gas-jet transport system coupled to GARIS
- Model experiments
  <sup>169</sup>Tm(<sup>40</sup>Ar,3*n*)<sup>206</sup>Fr, <sup>208</sup>Pb(<sup>40</sup>Ar,3*n*)<sup>245</sup>Fm, and <sup>238</sup>U(<sup>22</sup>Ne,5*n*)<sup>255</sup>No

#### **Future plans**

(a) Production of SHE nuclides for chemical experiments

- <sup>238</sup>U(<sup>26</sup>Mg,5*n*)<sup>259</sup>Rf on Oct. 8–10, 2007
- <sup>248</sup>Cm target (end of 2008) and GARIS II (end of 2009)

(b) New chemistry apparatus

- Micro-chemical chip for ion exchange and solvent extraction
- Gas chromatograph column coupled to GARIS

## The 2<sup>nd</sup> Workshop on SHE chemistry @ RIKEN in the end of 2007 What chemistries should be studied at RIKEN GARIS ?

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