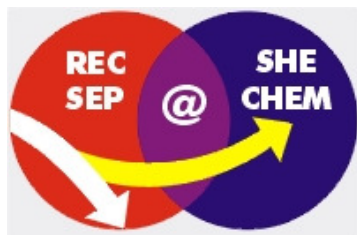


The gas-filled recoil separator RITU at JYFL

P. T. Greenlees, U. Jakobsson, P. Jones, R. Julin, S. Juutinen, S. Ketelhut,
M. Leino, M. Nyman, P. Peura, P. Rahkila, J. Saren, C. Scholey, J. Uusitalo
University of Jyväskylä, Department of Physics

P. Butler, R. –D. Herzberg *et. al.*, *University of Liverpool, UK*

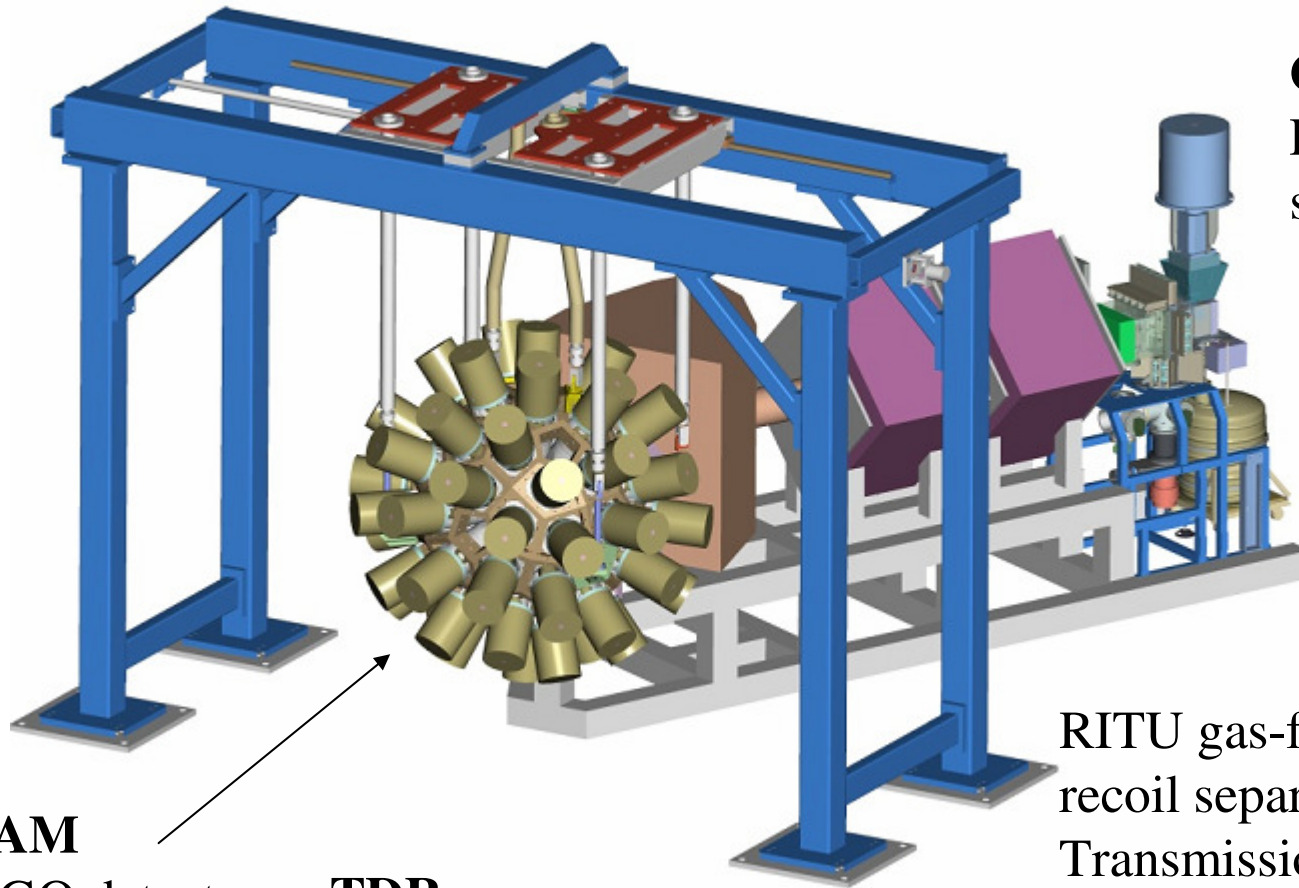
TASCA 07



6th Workshop on Recoil Separator for Superheavy Element Chemistry
September 28, 2007, Davos, Switzerland



RITU + Jurogam at JYFL



JUROGAM

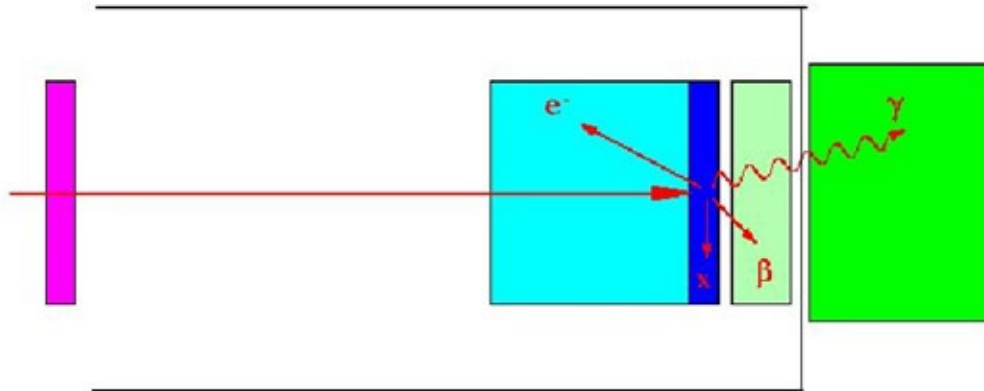
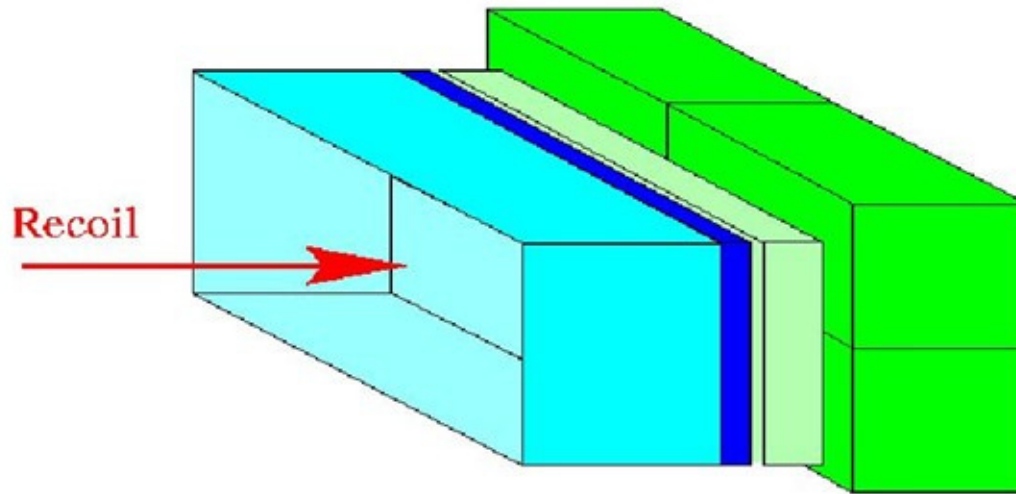
43 Ge+BGO detectors
Eff. 4%

TDR

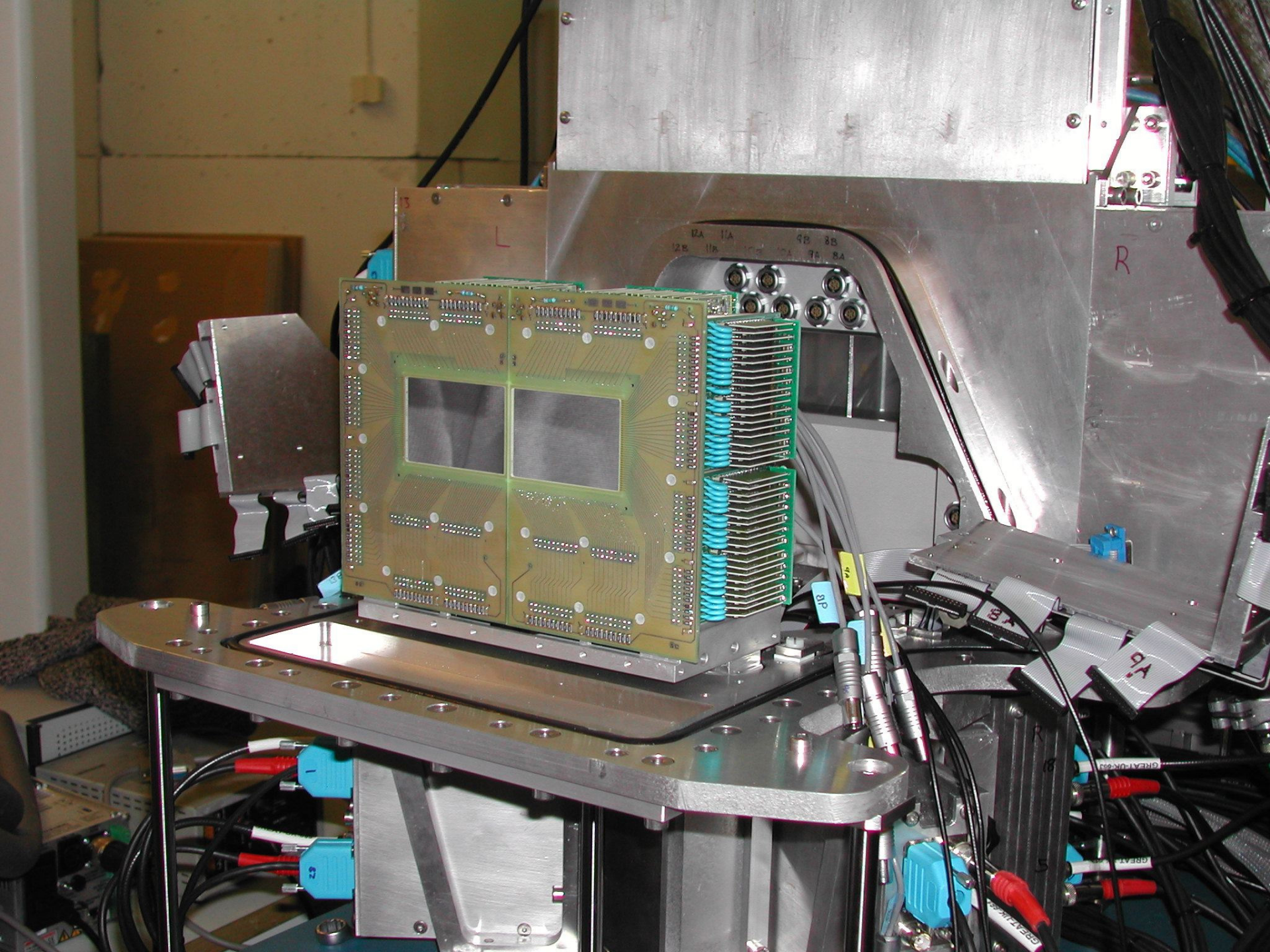
Total Data Readout
Triggerless data acquisition system
with 10 ns time stamping

GREAT
Focal plane
spectrometer

RITU gas-filled
recoil separator
Transmission 20 - 40%
(5 - 70%)



MWPC
PIN-diodes
DSSSD
Planar-Ge
Clover



3
L

8A 1A 9B 8B
12B 11B 7A 8A

R

3P

4A

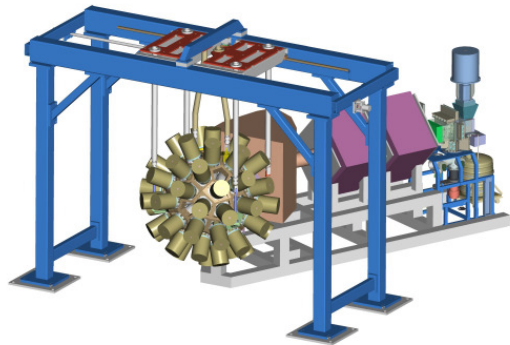
5A

23

5A

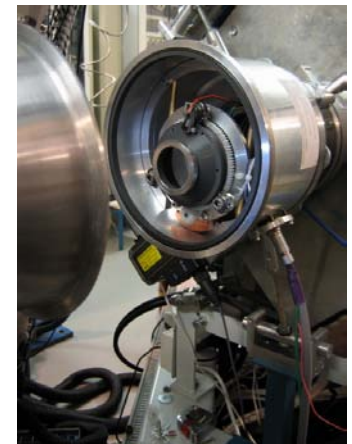
GREAT-ORBIT

GREAT-ORBIT

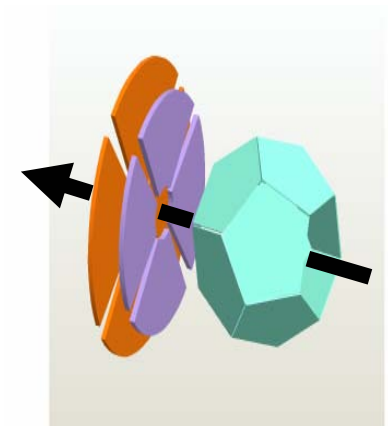
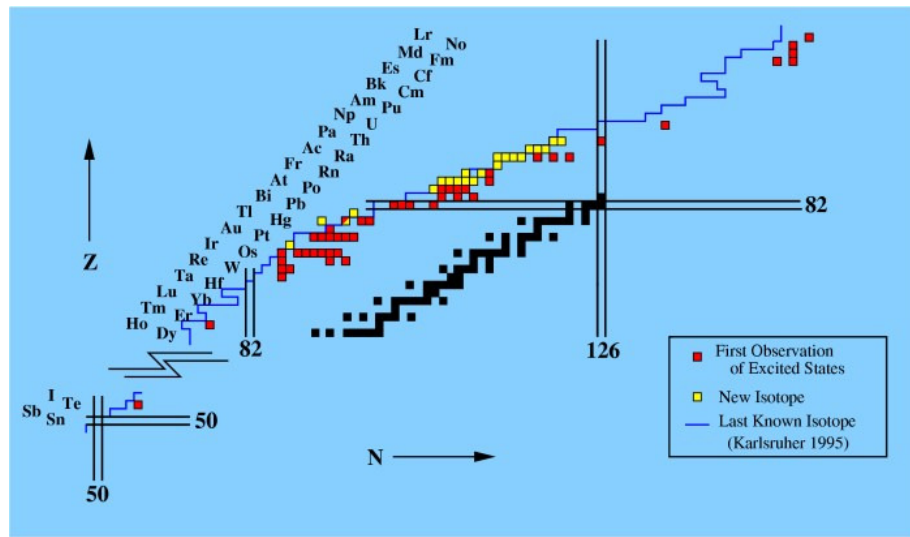
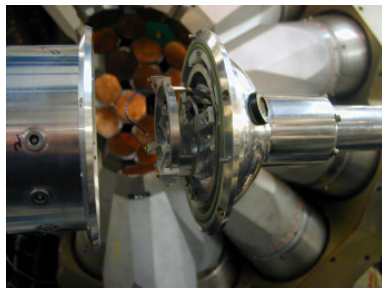


JUROGAM
RITU
GREAT
TDR

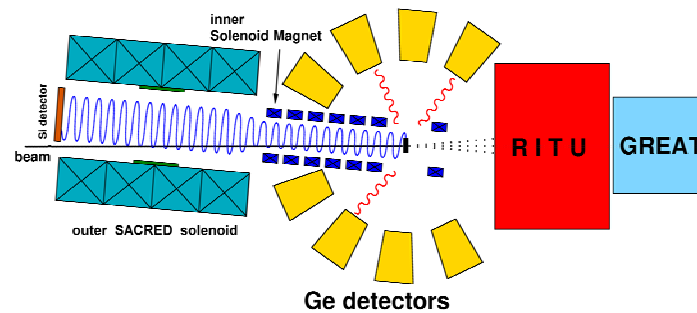
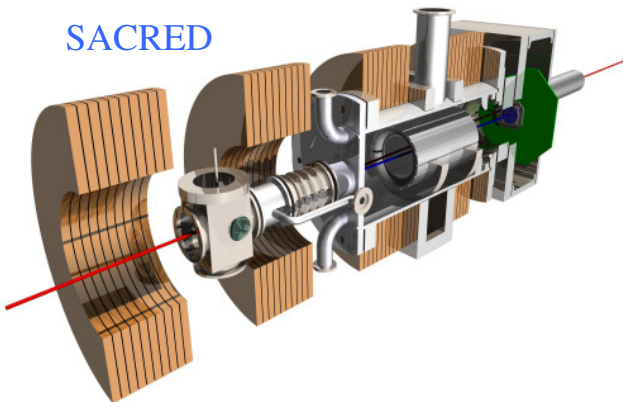
IReS target chamber



Köln plunger



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Liverpool

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LETTERS

Nuclear isomers in superheavy elements as stepping stones towards the island of stability

R.-D. Herzberg¹, P. T. Greenlees², P. A. Butler¹, G. D. Jones¹, M. Venhart³, I. G. Darby¹, S. Eeckhaudt², K. Eskola⁴, T. Grahn², C. Gray-Jones¹, F. P. Hessberger⁵, P. Jones², R. Julin², S. Juutinen², S. Ketelhut², W. Korten⁶, M. Leino², A.-P. Leppänen², S. Moon¹, M. Nyman², R. D. Page¹, J. Pakarinen^{1,2}, A. Pritchard¹, P. Rahkila², J. Sarén², C. Scholey², A. Steer², Y. Sun⁷, Ch. Theisen⁶ & J. Uusitalo²

$^{208}\text{Pb}(48\text{Ca},2n)^{254}\text{No}$

Total focal plane rate < 1Hz/10 pA

In-beam studies around ^{254}No at JYFL

$^{208}\text{Pb}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{254}\text{No}$ Aug 1998 γ

$^{206}\text{Pb}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{252}\text{No}$ June 1999 γ

$^{209}\text{Bi}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{255}\text{Lr}$ Sep 1999 γ

$^{208}\text{Pb}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{254}\text{No}$ Mar 2001 e^-

$^{207}\text{Pb}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{253}\text{No}$ Mar 2001 e^-

$^{204}\text{Hg}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{250}\text{Fm}$ Oct 2001 γ

$^{204}\text{Hg}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{250}\text{Fm}$ Mar 2002 γ

$^{205}\text{Tl}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{251}\text{Md}$ Nov 2002 e^-

$^{208}\text{Pb}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{254}\text{No}$ Apr 2003 γ

$^{205}\text{Tl}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{251}\text{Md}$ Jun 2003 γ

$^{204}\text{Hg}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{250}\text{Fm}$ May 2004 γ

$^{207}\text{Pb}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{253}\text{No}$ Jan 2005 γ

$^{209}\text{Bi}(^{48}\text{Ca},2n)^{255}\text{Lr}$ Jan 2005 γ

JYFL

- Liverpool (R.-D. Herzberg et al.)
- GSI (F. P. Heßberger et al.)
- DAPNIA/SPhN CEA-Saclay (Y. Le Coz et al.)
- Helsinki (K. Eskola)
- ANL (T. L. Khoo)
- LMU Munich (P. Reiter)
- GANIL (G. de France)
- INP Krakow (J. Styczen)
- Strasbourg (B. Gall et al.)

PHYSICAL REVIEW C 75, 054307 (2007)

α decay studies of the nuclides ^{218}U and ^{219}U

A. P. Leppänen,^{1,*} J. Uusitalo,¹ M. Leino,¹ S. Eeckhaudt,¹ T. Grahn,^{1,†} P. T. Greenlees,¹ P. Jones,¹ R. Julin,¹ S. Juutinen,¹
H. Kettunen,¹ P. Kuusiniemi,^{1,‡} P. Nieminen,^{1,§} J. Pakarinen,^{1,||} P. Rahkila,¹ C. Scholey,¹ and G. Sletten²

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(Received 9 May 2006; published 4 May 2007)

182W(40Ar,3n)219U

182W(40Ar,4n)218U

Collectivity and Configuration Mixing in $^{186,188}\text{Pb}$ and ^{194}Po

T. Grahn,^{1,*} A. Dewald,² O. Möller,² R. Julin,¹ C. W. Beausang,^{3,†} S. Christen,² I. G. Darby,^{1,4} S. Eeckhaudt,¹
P. T. Greenlees,¹ A. Görge,⁵ K. Helariutta,⁶ J. Jolie,² P. Jones,¹ S. Juutinen,¹ H. Kettunen,¹ T. Kröll,⁷ R. Krücken,⁷
Y. Le Coz,⁵ M. Leino,¹ A.-P. Leppänen,^{1,‡} P. Maierbeck,⁷ D. A. Meyer,³ B. Melon,² P. Nieminen,^{1,8} M. Nyman,¹
R. D. Page,⁴ J. Pakarinen,^{1,4} P. Petkov,⁸ P. Rahkila,¹ B. Saha,² M. Sandzelius,^{1,||} J. Sarén,¹ C. Scholey,¹ and J. Uusitalo¹

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(Received 28 March 2006; published 7 August 2006)

106Pd(83Kr,3n)186Pb

108Pd(83Kr,3n)188Pb

114Cd(83Kr,3n)194Po

**Symmetric reactions needed for these
plunger life-time measurements**



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Physics Letters B 641 (2006) 34–37

PHYSICS LETTERS B

www.elsevier.com/locate/physletb

Probing the limit of nuclear existence: Proton emission from ^{159}Re

D.T. Joss ^{a,b,*}, I.G. Darby ^a, R.D. Page ^a, J. Uusitalo ^c, S. Eeckhaudt ^c, T. Grahn ^c, P.T. Greenlees ^c,
P.M. Jones ^c, R. Julin ^c, S. Juutinen ^c, S. Ketelhut ^c, M. Leino ^c, A.-P. Leppänen ^c, M. Nyman ^c,
J. Pakarinen ^{a,c}, P. Rahkila ^c, J. Sarén ^c, C. Scholey ^c, A. Steer ^{c,1}, A.J. Cannon ^d, P.D. Stevenson ^d,
J.S. Al-Khalili ^d, S. Ertürk ^e, M. Venhart ^{c,f}, B. Gall ^g, B. Hadinia ^h, J. Simpson ^b

$^{106}\text{Cd}(^{58}\text{Ni},p4n)^{159}\text{Re}$



Identification of Excited States in the $T_z = 1$ Nucleus ^{110}Xe : Evidence for Enhanced Collectivity near the $N = Z = 50$ Double Shell Closure

M. Sandzelius,¹ B. Hadinia,¹ B. Cederwall,^{1,*} K. Andgren,¹ E. Ganioglu,² I. G. Darby,³ M. R. Dimmock,³ S. Eeckhaudt,⁴ T. Grahn,^{4,†} P. T. Greenlees,⁴ E. Ideguchi,⁵ P. M. Jones,⁴ D. T. Joss,³ R. Julin,⁴ S. Juutinen,⁴ A. Khaplanov,¹ M. Leino,⁴ L. Nelson,³ M. Niikura,⁵ M. Nyman,⁴ R. D. Page,³ J. Pakarinen,^{4,‡} E. S. Paul,³ M. Petri,³ P. Rahkila,⁴ J. Sarén,⁴ C. Scholey,⁴ J. Sorri,⁴ J. Uusitalo,⁴ R. Wadsworth,⁶ and R. Wyss¹

$^{58}\text{Ni}(^{54}\text{Fe}, 2n)^{110}\text{Xe}$

Identification based on fast r- α - α chain

Additional beam stopper used to reduce the scattered beam component

Total focal plane rate 1 kHz/1 pA

Coulomb shifts and shape changes in the mass 70 region

B. S. Nara Singh, A. N. Steer, D. G. Jenkins, R. Wadsworth, M. A. Bentley, P. J. Davies, R. Glover, and N. S. Pattabiraman
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B. Cederwall, B. Hadinia, and M. Sandzelius

Royal Institute of Technology, Roslagstullsbacken 21, S-106 91 Stockholm, Sweden

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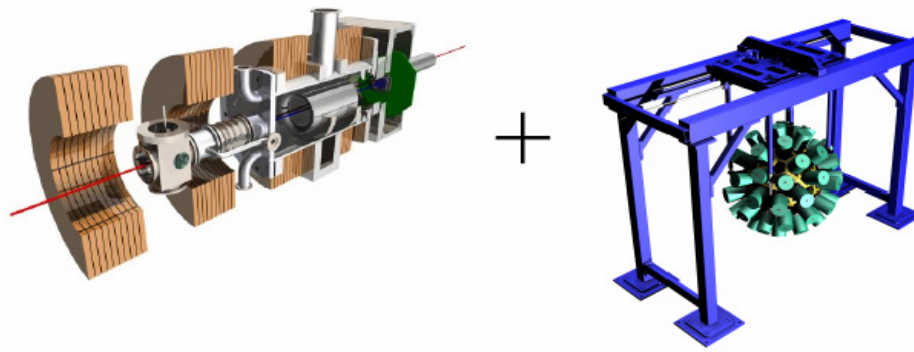
$^{40}\text{Ca}(^{36}\text{Ar},\text{pn})^{74}\text{Rb}$

$^{40}\text{Ca}(^{40}\text{Ca},\text{pn})^{78}\text{Y}$

Identification based on fast β -decay

These target beam combinations works only at barrier energies

Additional beam stopper used do decrease thescattered beam component

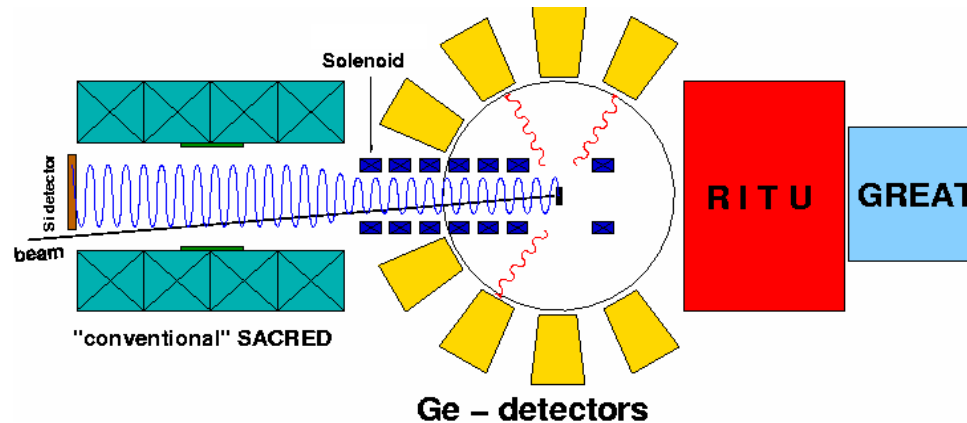


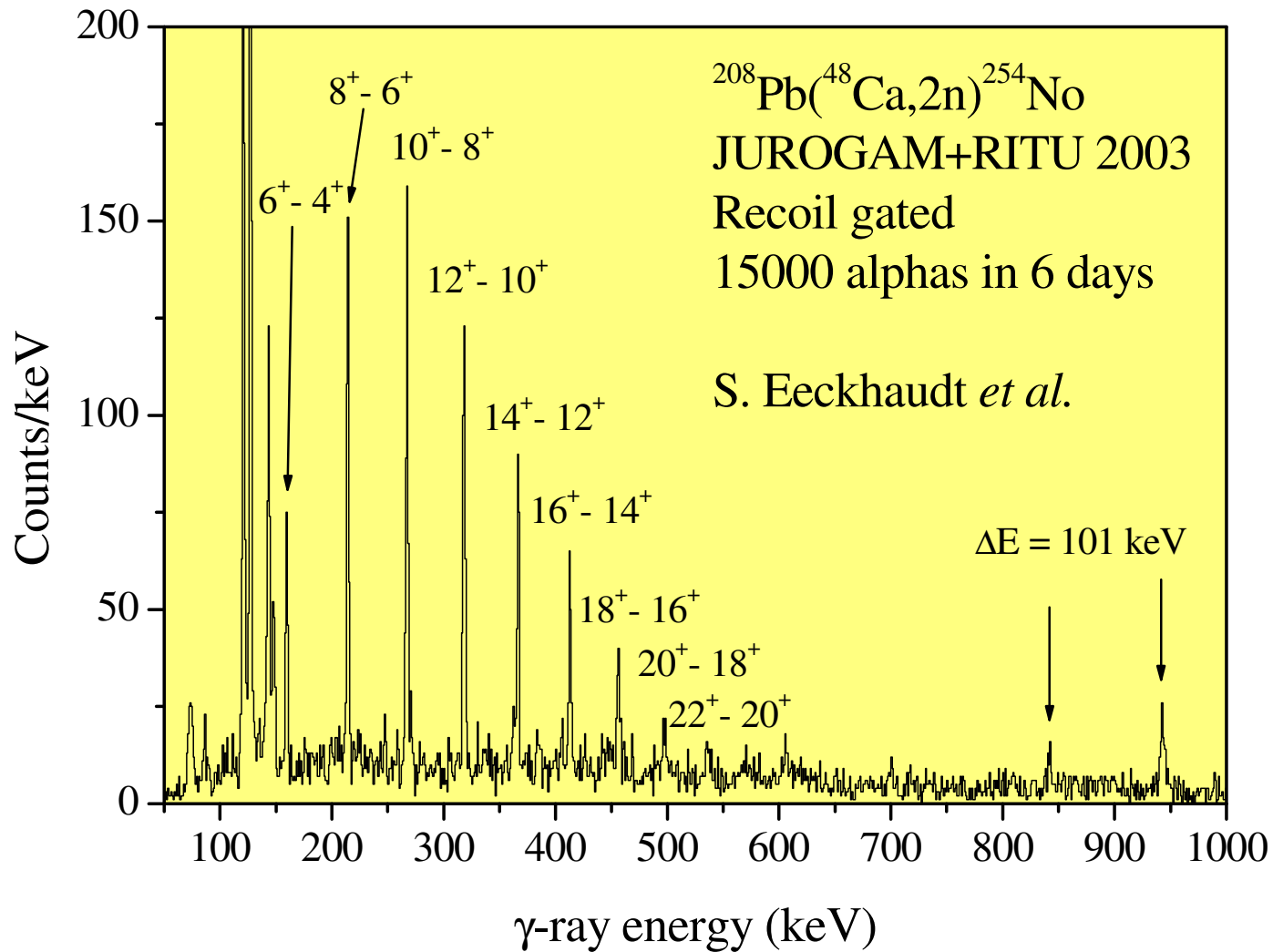
⇒ SAGE



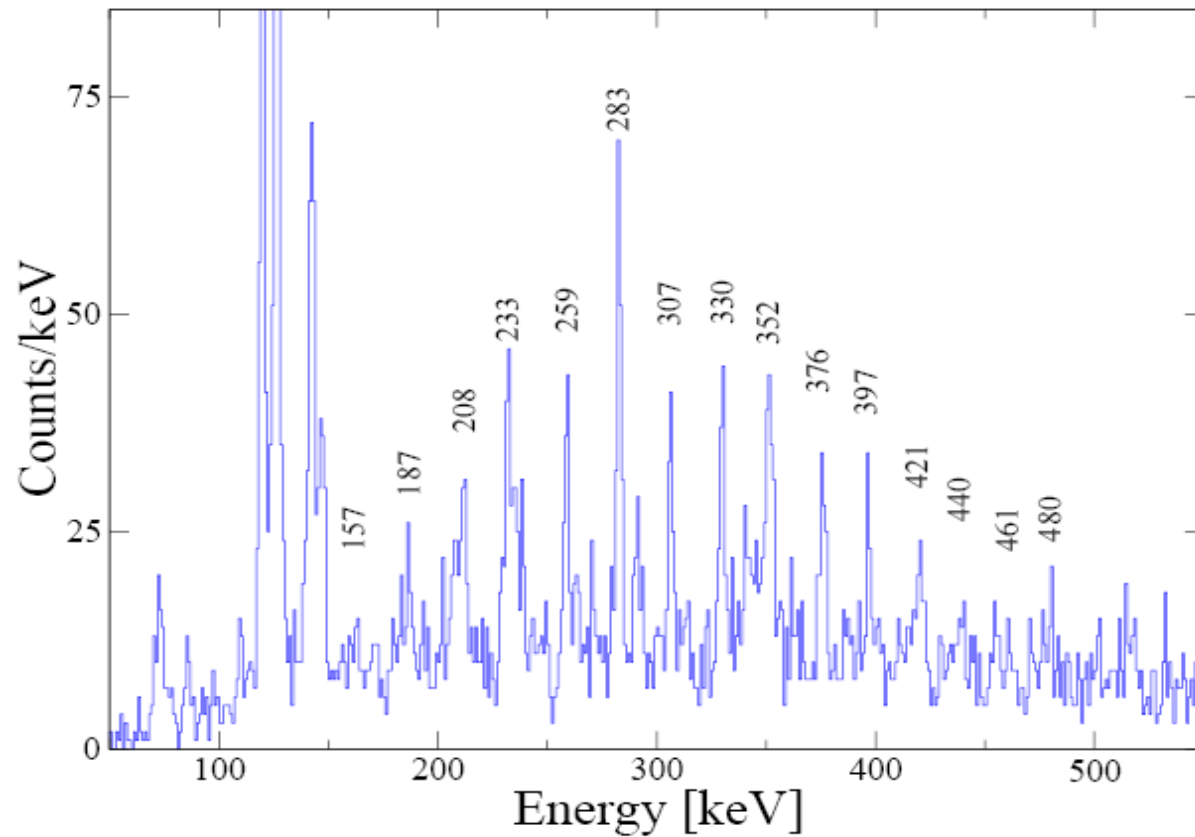
- Simultaneous Electron-Gamma Measurements
- Combine Digital Electronics with TDR
- Unique and Powerful Device for Spectroscopy of Heavy Nuclei

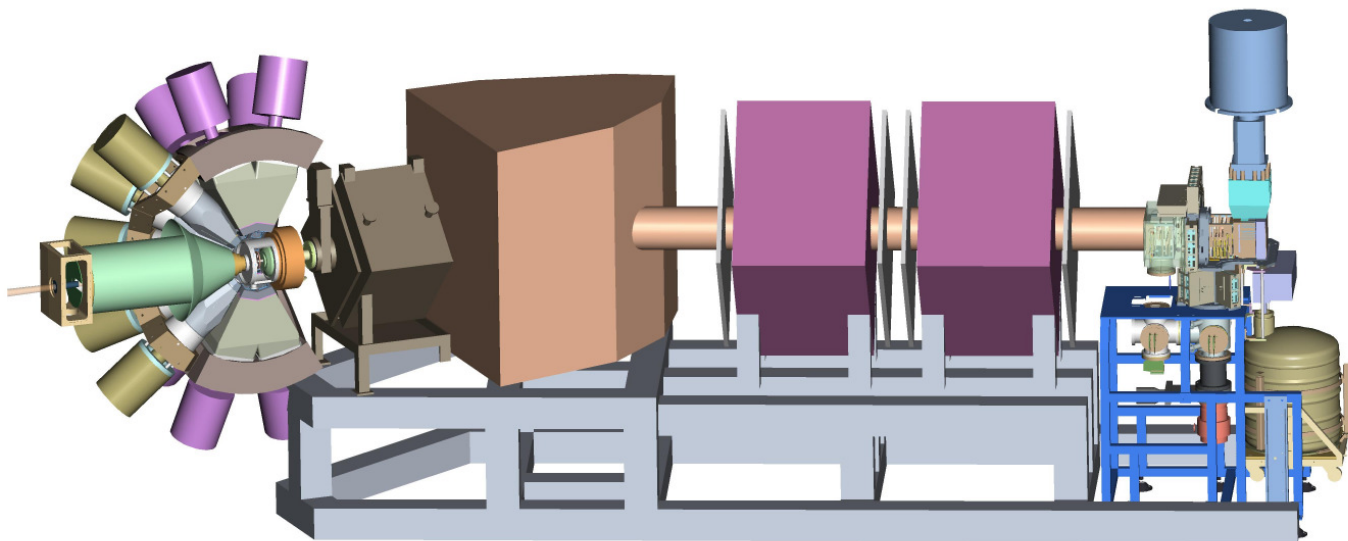
- Progress to $Z=104$ - ^{256}Rf @ 12 nb!
- Lighter beams / Radioactive Targets e.g. ^{256}No
- Still many cases to be studied e.g. ^{255}No , ^{248}Fm , ^{249}Md





$^{48}\text{Ca} + ^{207}\text{Pb} \Rightarrow ^{253}\text{No} + 2n$, JUROGAM+RITU+GREAT, R.-D. Herzberg et al.



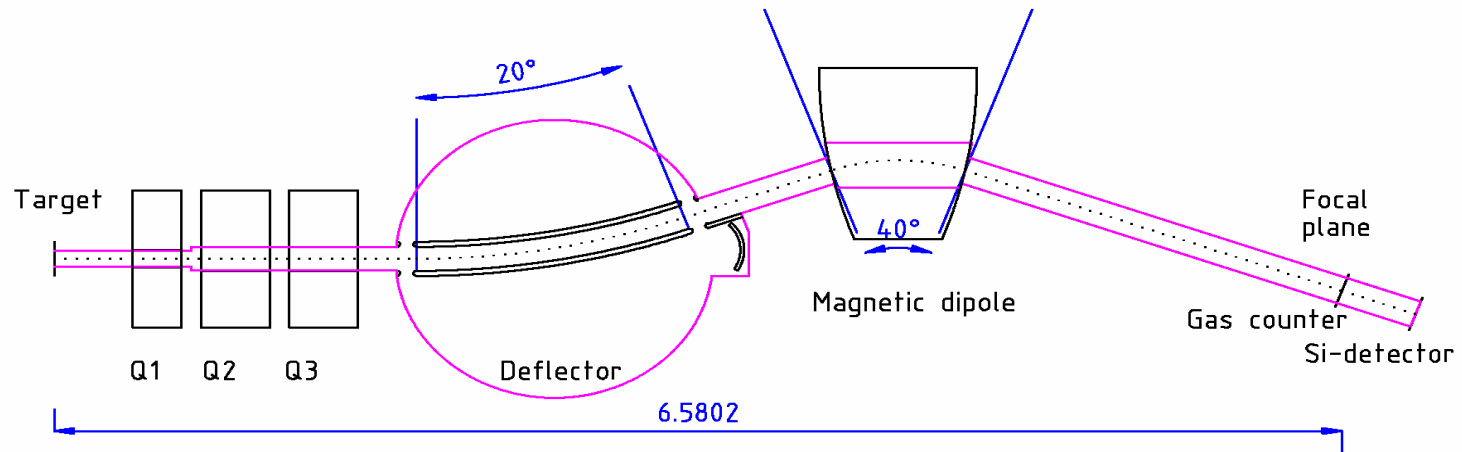


- Digital electronics → higher beam intensities (x 5)
- Longer beam times (x 2)
 - New K- 30 cyclotron is dedicated for proton beams
- Now our cross-section limit is 50 – 100 nb for in-beam studies
- In near future the limit should go down by a factor 10 down to 5 – 10 nb level.
- To perform in-beam spectroscopy below 1nb cross-section limit higher γ /e-detection efficiency is needed. ?AGATA?

MARA

Mass Analyzing Recoil Apparatus

Massa-Analysoiva-Rekyyli-Aparaatti



Mara will be used in the mass region $50 < A < 150$
For comparison: for the reaction $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{48}\text{Ca}, 2n)^{254}$
Mara will have 1/2 off the transmission efficiency of RITU